

Costs Unpopular

Soviet Public Likely to Hail Cairo Decision Reducing Aid

By Theodore Shabad

MOSCOW, July 18 (APX).—The reported Egyptian demand for the removal of Soviet military advisers may not be good news to the Kremlin but it is likely to be welcomed by the man in the street who has been traditionally critical of a heavy foreign aid burden while his own rising expectations are left wanting.

The small Soviet dissident movement has sought to capitalize on this popular aversion to heavy expenditures abroad. A recent underground appeal calling on Russians to strike for better living conditions made a particular point of the sums being spent on the Arabs.

If any change was impending, Soviet citizens did not learn about it tonight from the officially controlled news media. Thus reported briefly on the meeting of the Arab Socialist Union, Egypt's ruling party, where the decision

on the Soviet advisers was said to have been approved.

But the press agency gave no indication of the subject under discussion beyond saying that "Egyptian newspapers stressed the significance of the meeting."

The reports from Cairo that Premier Anwar Sadat told Soviet leaders during a 30-hour visit here last week to provide the offensive arms sought by Egypt or to withdraw the Russian advisers produced surprise within the Moscow diplomatic community.

The reported Soviet refusal to supply the modern weapon systems sought by Egypt has been a standard position of the Russians since the Arab-Israeli war of 1967 and is not viewed here as part of a possible deal with President Nixon to find a solution in the Middle East.

However, some diplomats suggested that the Soviet Union, its own influence in Cairo apparently reduced, might now be more amenable to U.S. proposals for a curb on all arms deliveries to the region.

A Western expert of the Middle East said that there had been no inkling of possible difficulty during the Egyptian Premier's visit except for possible curtailment of his stay in Moscow. The visit, evidently designed to review the entire aid situation, had been expected to last two or three days.

By hindsight, one of the key purposes of Mr. Sadat's trip was to induce the Soviet leaders to make good on pledges reportedly made to President Anwar Sadat in February and again in April to supply Egypt with modern offensive weapons systems.

After his February visit, Mr. Sadat said that Moscow would soon supply "new and advanced weapons." And in a May Day speech, after another trip to the Soviet Union, he declared that "within a reasonable time" the Russians would provide the arms he wanted.

These arms are believed to be ground-to-ground missiles capable of striking targets in Israel with pinpoint accuracy. In an apparent effort to maintain military stability in the Middle East, the Russians have withheld such medium-range missiles from Egypt and have also declined to assist Cairo in its own missile development.

The Russians showed signs of annoyance, President Nikolai V. Podgorny capitalized on the visit to Moscow earlier this month by Syrian President Hafez Assad to declare that the claim that the Soviet Union was seeking the perpetuation of the Middle East stalemate was "a lie."

Observers recalled that at the meeting of the central committee of the Arab Socialist Union last April, 75 percent of the questions put to Mr. Sadat by the members pertained to the Soviet presence in Egypt.

Mr. Sadat emphasized that there were no Soviet bases in Egypt, and that the Russians were only getting "facilities" for their navy at Egyptian Mediterranean ports.

Informed sources believe that Mr. Sadat's final decision to get the Soviet troops out may have been due to pressure from within the Egyptian Army. Press reports have recently been referred to friction between the Soviet advisers and high-ranking Egyptian officers.

Unconfirmed speculation circulating here tonight said that there had been a movement against Mr. Sadat within the army, and that it was checked after the president agreed to scale down the Soviet military presence in the country.

The reports said that the Egyptian high command told Mr. Sadat last month that recent exercises by the Egyptian forces had shown the troops to be capable of handling all Soviet equipment in Egypt.

Fascists Said To Infiltrate Yugoslavia

Terrorism Is Linked To Separatist Action

BELGRADE, July 18 (AP).—Terrorists have penetrated into Yugoslavia for the first time in more than 20 years, government sources have revealed.

They were identified as Ustaši, heirs of the Yugoslav Fascists who ruled during World War II in the Nazi puppet state in Croatia. Since the war they have carried out intermittent bombings and other terrorist acts against Yugoslav diplomatic missions in Europe.

They claimed responsibility for the murder of Yugoslavia's ambassador to Stockholm last year. This month the federal police announced that a "Ustaši-Fascist group of terrorists entered Yugoslavia illegally recently."

The police added that the group was partly destroyed and said authorities were on the trail of the survivors.

The group was reported to be in western Bosnia, a mountainous part of the country suitable for guerrilla activities.

Informed sources said the group, believed to be 18 to 30 persons, was well trained and armed with high-powered rifles with silencers and telescopic sights. Some sources said a number of people have been killed and wounded.

Yugoslav news media have run editorials accusing some Western countries, without naming them, of allowing the terrorists to train on their territories. Informants say it has been established that part of the group was trained in Australia.

Slavko Zecovic, the interior minister of the state of Serbia, said last week that foreign intelligence services were involved in anti-Yugoslav activities of émigrés. A high-ranking Yugoslav leader, in a speech commenting on the infiltrated Ustaši group, said the foreign press was partly to blame. His contention was that coverage of events in Yugoslavia in connection with the purge in the Croatian Communist party last December had created a false impression that the country was ripe for insurrection.

Croatian extremist and separatist elements have increased their activities since last spring when Yugoslavia further decentralized and became practically a confederation of six states.

The outbreak of nationalism in Croatia, second biggest Yugoslav state, has been attributed to the nationalist-flavored policies of some Croatian Communist leaders who were purged after a party showdown last December. However, Fischer, who is preparing for a trial of a group of intellectuals considered to be hard-core separatists.

Deputy Put In Key Post If Franco Dies

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open for possible political maneuvering in which the designated king might have been kept waiting.

The naming of Adm. Carrero as automatic head of government was expected to be less pleasing to Juan Carlos, who will thus find his room for maneuver more limited than it might have been. There had been persistent rumors that the 79-year-old caudillo might name a premier from whom he could share his power.

But implicitly at least, these rumors were laid to rest today. The laws declared that the leadership of the state, of the government and of the so-called Movement, the only legal political organization here, belonged for a lifetime to the caudillo of Spain.

Like Juan Carlos, most Spaniards were relaxing under a hot sun today, which is a national holiday, and presumably not thinking of politics too much. It was a day of much praise in official statements and press editorials for the regime's contributions to the peace and prosperity of the country.

Encouraging the sentiment of prosperity was the fact that each wage-earner received an extra month's pay in honor of what is called "the national uprising" of 1936. In addition, there have been wholesale awards of decorations as well as inaugurations, of completed public works projects such as roads, schools and houses.

Israeli Army Patrol Kills Arab Guerrilla

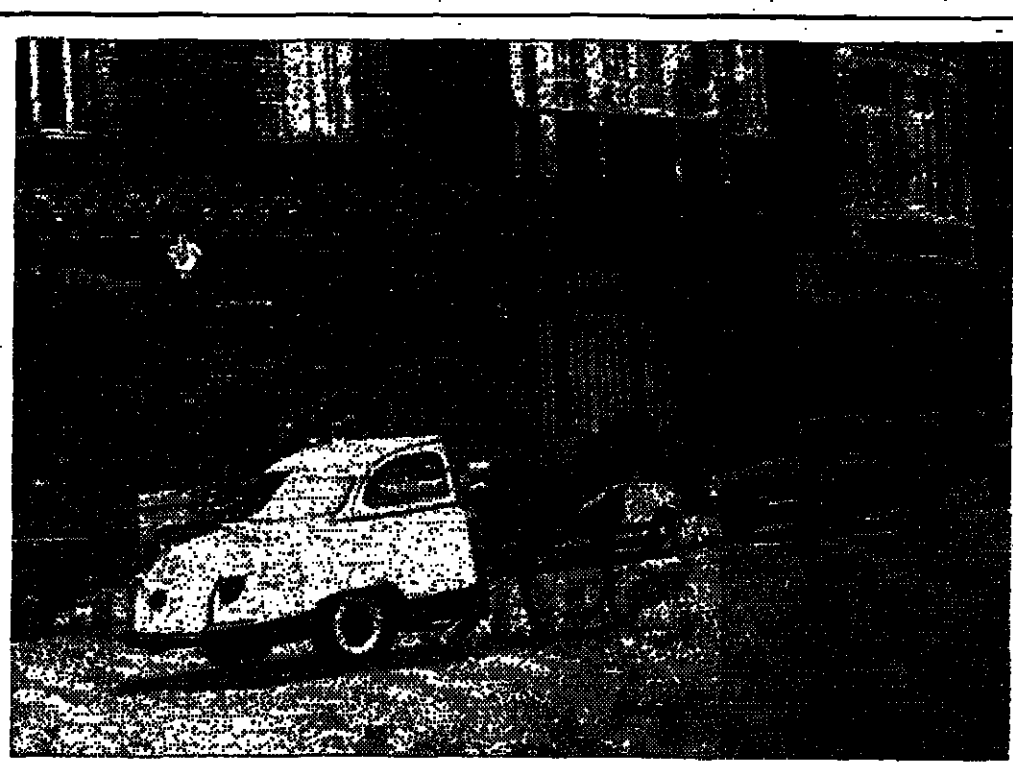
TEL AVIV, July 18 (UPI).—An army patrol yesterday killed an Arab guerrilla who had escaped from prison and was found hiding in a Gaza Strip refugee camp, the military command said.

An Israeli soldier was wounded slightly in the exchange of fire that killed Ahmad Shehadeh Muhammad Amran at a bunker in the Nuseirat Refugee Camp, the command said. It said Amran had escaped from an Israeli prison May 10.

Stolen Animals Recovered

NEW YORK, July 18 (AP).—Thirty-nine animals, stolen Sunday from the Children's Land Zoo at Coney Island, were found in a Brooklyn stable yesterday, suffering from heat prostration, police said. Toby Esposito, 19, was arrested on charges of possession of stolen property and cruelty to animals.

HARRY'S NEW YORK BAR



ONE HORSEPOWER—This odd vehicle, spotted in Lille, France, may have promise in the continuing effort against air pollution from exhaust fumes. Then again...

Fischer and Spassky Draw In 4th Game of Chess Series

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later and took more than half an hour on the 19th move alone. The giant playing hall buzzed with noise as chess masters watched the game and discussed it. The huge "silence" signs flashed almost continuously after a move, and at one point arbiter Lotmar Schmidt asked that the doors to the hall be closed to keep them from squeaking when people went in and out.

Outside the hall an almost carnival atmosphere reigned, with fans munching hot dogs and giant Iceland cakes with whipped cream. They sat and watched what should have been a closed-circuit telecast of the game but instead showed only a board with the moves on it.

Fischer, who forfeited the second game of the 24-game, \$250,000 world championship because of the presence of television cameras, threatened once again today to refuse to play if the cameras were allowed in the hall.

Only 15 minutes before the clock was started, Chester Fox, who bought film rights for the championship, tried to install the cameras. An urgent meeting was held by organizers and representatives for the players to resolve the new impasse.

"There will be no play if the cameras are brought in, that is sure," a Fischer aide told the organizers. Gudmundur Thorarinsson, president of the Icelandic Chess Federation, shrugged his shoulders and told Fox, "There, you see."

Fox agreed to remove the cameras for the fourth game. Neither Fischer nor Spassky was present when referee Schmidt started the American's clock. However, Fischer showed up within four minutes of the clock starting, and Spassky arrived a few minutes later.

Fischer immediately went to the board, looked at it briefly and moved pawn to king four. Spassky responded, setting up the Sicilian defense.

The opening Fischer move was hardly a surprise. In his hundreds and hundreds of games Fischer has only varied from the king-pawn opening a half dozen times or so. Once asked why he always used the king-pawn opening, Fischer said, "Because it's the best move."

Aides to the American challenger said the reason for his tardiness today was that Fischer had been eating an Icelandic specialty called skyr and saw no reason to gulp his food.

Spassky, apparently calm despite the third-game loss, walked on and off stage frequently. He strode in measured, elegant steps.

13-Hour Blackout Hits Brooklyn; 200,000 Affected

NEW YORK, July 18 (AP).—Electric service was restored to 200,000 Brooklyn residents today after a steamy 13-hour blackout that occurred during the summer's first northeast power crisis. New England has been staggered by a record demand for electricity as a result of a four-day heat wave.

Six of Consolidated Edison's 10 feeder cables broke down late yesterday in what was described as the worst blackout since the 1965 northeast power failure. A selective, deliberate blackout to conserve power affected 90,000 Staten Island and Westchester County homes in 1970.

Lights went off in the Bay Ridge, Gowanus and Sunset Park sections of Brooklyn at 9:53 p.m. EDT.

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HARRY'S NEW YORK BAR

Resignation By Maudling

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was set up to sell architectural services overseas. Mr. Maudling explained that he received no salary but that Mr. Poulson agreed to pay about \$50,000 to a charity for which his wife was raising funds.

"I do not understand how helping a charity and running an export business can be regarded as a matter for criticism," Mr. Maudling said when the payments came to light earlier this month.

Mr. Maudling resigned from the Poulson empire after he became a minister two years ago. His son, Martin, retained a connection with the firm until last September.

Second Connection

Mr. Maudling, who served on the boards of several other companies before he became home secretary, also has come under fire for his past relations with an American, Jerome Hoffman, now in jail in New York for fraud. Mr. Maudling, then a member of Parliament in opposition, agreed to serve as president of Mr. Hoffman's Real Estate Fund of America and Real Estate Management of America. He left the Hoffman investment business before it collapsed.

Such relationships have led some members of Parliament to question Mr. Maudling's judgment, rather than his honesty.

The outside financial interests of members of Parliament are not governed by rules as such. Many continue as directors of companies, lawyers or public relations consultants while in the House. Traditionally, a member is expected to disclose his personal interest in pending legislation only if he takes the floor to speak on the issue in the debate.

The current controversy has led to demands from Jeremy Thorpe, leader of the small Liberal party, which first raised the Poulson case in Parliament, to demand that all members of Parliament reveal all their business interests. Liberal party members now make a full public disclosure of their interests. But this does not extend to Labor or Tory members.

Full Prohibition

Civil servants, such as Mr. Pottenger, who was suspended today, are forbidden to engage in any activity "which would conflict with the interests of his department or be inconsistent with the public position." Mr. Pottenger, it was alleged, received more than \$50,000 from the Poulson Co., which had large construction contracts in Scotland.

The other suspended official, Mr. Brathwaite, was said to have received about \$4,000 and to have used the money to open a law firm for his wife.

The bankruptcy testimony in the Poulson case also alleged that funds were paid to Albert Roberts, a Labor MP, and John Cordle, a Conservative member. T. Dan Smith, former chairman of the Northern Economic Planning Council, was said to have received nearly \$400,000 for public-relations work.

All denied wrongdoing and insisted that the money was paid for legitimate professional services.

U.S. Panel Asks Civilian Prop to Army in Europe

WASHINGTON, July 18 (Reuters).—The Senate Armed Services Committee proposed yesterday that European civilians take over some of the non-combat duties of U.S. NATO troops.

The committee said the U.S. budget for the current fiscal year provided for 319,000 U.S. troops in Europe, but one out of six—about 53,000—were performing general support duties.

"Many positions now being performed by military personnel might be taken over by host country nationals without loss of effectiveness," the committee said.

In a formal report on a \$30.5-billion military procurement bill, the committee also suggested a new formula by which America's allies could help pay for the maintenance of U.S. NATO forces.

It said it costs only about 10 percent more a year to keep a U.S. soldier in Europe than to maintain him in the United States. "There seems to be no reason why newly affluent European nations should not pay the relatively small difference it costs to keep U.S. forces in Europe," the committee said.

Scientific and Technological

Russia Signs 5-Year Pact With Occidental Petroleum

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geological surveys of "all potential areas" within the Soviet Union and an exchange of visits by experts from both countries in preparation for the next scheduled meeting of the two groups in Moscow on Sept. 11.

Mr. Hammer said that one likely benefit to the United States would be to relieve the pressure on its dwindling supply of natural gas. "That is one of our aims," he said, adding that his company was also interested in acquiring Soviet fertilizers, nickel, chromium and other minerals.

The Russians, he said, are principally interested in the technology that Occidental can supply, including its more advanced techniques in offshore well-drilling. He refused to comment on whether the U.S. company will build a pipeline from oil and gas fields in western Siberia to a coastal port. Such a pipeline would have to be about 3,000 miles long, and an earlier Japanese estimate of the cost of such a project was about \$1-billion.

One source close to Occidental called the joint venture "the biggest Russian deal ever completed by an American company," though Mr. Hammer, who emphasized that his statement was "the only authorized one," said he had no idea if it would turn out to be true, although he said "I certainly hope so."

Mr. Hammer also indicated that several hotels will be built in the Soviet Union through the Holiday Inn chain, with which Occidental is involved in a major construction program throughout Europe and the Mediterranean.

"They have a great need for hotels in the U.S.S.R.," he said. He attributed the success of his group's negotiations directly to President Nixon's summit conference with Soviet leaders last May, but also to his own personal connections. Mr. Hammer went to the Soviet Union in 1921 as a young doctor determined to help treat famine and typhus epidemic victims, but ultimately worked out a barter deal directly with Lenin for the importation of wheat from the United States in return for Soviet goods. He later started his own pencil factory to supply the Russians in their literacy campaign, and until 1929 was the official representative in the United States for 37 U.S. firms, including the Ford Motor Co.

Mr. Hammer next went to Moscow in 1961 as an emissary of President Kennedy, who asked him to explore possibilities for increased Soviet-American trade, and has made several trips since then. On last year's visit, he was accompanied by executives of his own company and of the Holiday Inns Corp. and of the Bechtel Corp., a major builder of oil refinery equipment.

Asked why the announcement of the accord was made in London and not in New York or Los Angeles, Mr. Hammer said both sides felt it best to make the announcement as quickly as possible to minimize stock-market speculation, and that he "just happened to be in London" buying a drawing by Leonardo da Vinci (he has an art collection estimated to be worth about \$20 million), and was equally evasive on that point when asked, with a smile, to say how much he paid for the drawing.

Long-Term Decisions

LONDON, July 18 (UPI).—Western European finance ministers and central bankers today ended two days of talks with an announcement that they had made "some progress" toward solving the world's monetary ills.

But Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer Anthony Barber, who presided over the meeting, told a news conference the talks dealt only with long-term monetary reform.

He said the agreements reached here should be helpful when finance chiefs of the whole non-Communist world gather in Washington in September, for the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund, to seek an end to recurrent monetary crises.

"We have made some progress which will be helpful in reaching a worldwide solution of our monetary problems," Mr. Barber said. "We did not try to reach any definitive decisions. This was a general discussion."

Russia Accredited Pullman

MOSCOW, July 18 (Reuters).—Pullman Inc. said it has been formally accredited by the Ministry of Foreign Trade of the Soviet Union to do business in Russia.

Pullman said the agreement stemmed from negotiations concluded last December by the company's Swindell-Dressler Division, of Pittsburgh, concerning an engineering contract for an automotive factory to be built on the Kama River about 550 miles east of Moscow.

AEG-Telefunken

FRANKFURT, July 18 (AP).—AEG-Telefunken and the Soviet State Committee for

Swedish Official Slain in Bogota; Thieves Suspected

BOGOTA, July 18 (Reuters).—The first secretary at the Swedish Embassy here was shot dead last night by three young men whom police suspect are car thieves.

The trio attacked and shot Mr. Hagglöf, 39, in the head as they accompanied him in his white Mercedes Benz, which he had been trying to sell, police said.

Mr. Hagglöf had been here since October, 1970, and was due to be transferred to Bonn next month, according to diplomatic sources.

Mr. Hagglöf left a wife and two children aged four and six, all of whom returned to Sweden two weeks ago.

Mr. Hagglöf's murder followed a series of kidnappings and killings of foreign diplomats and businessmen in Latin America in recent years, but unlike most of them appeared not to have been politically motivated.

Truman Leaves Hospital

KANSAS CITY, July 18 (AP).—Harry S. Truman was released from a hospital here yesterday after 15 days of examination and treatment for an inflammation of the gastrointestinal tract. The hospital reported that the former President's personal physician said that Mr. Truman, 83, is in good health for his age.

Science and Technology today signed a broad agreement "on scientific and technical cooperation" in Moscow. AEG-Telefunken announced in Frankfurt.

The agreement serves as the basis for special contracts or licensing and technology exchanges as well as on new manufacturing and production techniques, the statement said.

It applies specifically to the fields of power engineering, communications and data processing and deliveries of cables, switches and electrical components, including motors, tools and equipment used in road and railroad traffic and shipping, AEG-Telefunken said.

London Talks Of EEC Calm Money Crisis

(Continued from Page 1)

cial at the London conference was that floating is out of the question, at least until after the German elections, expected next December.

A higher value for the mark is anathema to German industry, which was hurt competitively by Mr. Schiller's decision to float the mark last year. Industry has gotten the point across that a new float would be very bad for the German economy.

The Europeans are agreed that the dollar should be phased out of its role as a special asset, similar to gold or special drawing rights, because of the privileges the reserve role of the dollar has given the United States. When countries hold dollars as assets, they are giving credit to the States. The Europeans say it is unfair that the richest country should get credit from the rest of the world.

The Common Market's Monetary Committee and the Committee of Central Bank Governors have been charged with the task of drawing up a plan phasing out the dollar balances.

This would be presented to the next ministerial meeting of the six present members of the Community. The plan will be discussed in Luxembourg Sept. 11-12, just before the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund, where reform questions will be discussed with the United States and Japan, among others.

All the ideas at present advanced involve expanded use of special drawing rights as the dollar's reserve role is reduced.

The more than \$40 billion outstanding in the vaults of central banks represents short-term debts of the United States. The point of the operation will be to convert these into long-term obligations.

The dollar in the foreign exchange markets moved off its floor (the lower trading limits) against the major continental currencies yesterday. Against the German mark, the dollar was quoted at 3.1540 marks to the dollar, up from the floor of 3.1500.

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WEATHER

ALABAMA	20	88	Partly sunny
ALASKA	20	88	Sunny
ARIZONA	27	81	Partly sunny
ARKANSAS	27	81	Fair
CALIFORNIA	26	79	Partly sunny
COLORADO	27	81	Partly sunny
CONNECTICUT	21	81	Fair
DELAWARE	21	81	Fair
FLORIDA	21	81	Partly sunny
GEORGIA	21	81	Partly sunny
ILLINOIS	21	81	Partly sunny
INDIANA	21	81	Partly sunny
IOWA	21	81	Partly sunny
KANSAS	21	81	Partly sunny
KENTUCKY	21	81	Partly sunny
LOUISIANA	21	81	Partly sunny
MAINE	21	81	Partly sunny
MARYLAND	21	81	Partly sunny
MASSACHUSETTS	21	81	Partly sunny
MICHIGAN	21	81	Partly sunny
MINNESOTA	21	81	Partly sunny
MISSISSIPPI	21	81	Partly sunny
MISSOURI	21	81	Partly sunny
MONTANA	21	81	Partly sunny
NEBRASKA	21	81	Partly sunny
NEVADA	21	81	Partly sunny
NEW HAMPSHIRE	21	81	Partly sunny
NEW JERSEY	21	81	Partly sunny
NEW MEXICO	21	81	Partly sunny
NEW YORK	21	81	Partly sunny
NORTH CAROLINA	21	81	Partly sunny
NORTH DAKOTA	21	81	Partly sunny
OHIO	21	81	Partly sunny
OKLAHOMA	21	81	Partly sunny
OREGON	21	81	Partly sunny
PENNSYLVANIA	21	81	Partly sunny
RHODE ISLAND	21	81	Partly sunny
SOUTH CAROLINA	21	81	Partly sunny
SOUTH DAKOTA	21	81	Partly sunny
TENNESSEE	21	81	Partly sunny
TEXAS	21	81	Partly sunny
UTAH	21	81	Partly sunny
Vermont	21	81	Partly sunny
VIRGINIA	21	81	Partly sunny
WASHINGTON	21	81	Partly sunny
WEST VIRGINIA	21	81	Partly sunny
WISCONSIN	21	81	Partly sunny
WYOMING	21	81	Partly sunny

(Yesterday's readings: U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, 1972 GMT, 1972 GMT.)



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Is Ready to Meet Discuss Differences

James M. Naughton

WASHINGTON, July 18 (AP)—President Nixon, D., is ready to meet with the Democratic Party's Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations—whose principal members are the Democratic Party's leading labor leaders—to discuss differences between the two groups.

The meeting is scheduled for next week in Washington, D.C., and will take place on the Nov. 7 election.

"I told them that I thought we had an uphill battle but that we could win the election and we would be the best administration they would be able to elect," Sen. McGovern said in an interview aboard the chartered jet that brought him to a hotel in Washington, D.C., after his arrival from Europe.

"Give Us Counsel" He said that the letters, including one to George Meany, the president of the labor federation, expressed the belief that the campaign and the administration more successful if they would give us their counsel and their support.

It was only one of the peace initiatives the senator took within his party as he began two weeks of rest, reading, horseback riding and tennis virtually in the shadow of the presidential images besieged by Mount Rushmore.

No sooner had the senator arrived at a log cabin at Sylvan Lake than he telephoned Mayor Richard J. Daley of Chicago to say that he was "very grateful" for the mayor's endorsement, described as lukewarm, earlier in the day.

Sen. McGovern spoke optimistically about restoring the unity to the party during the interview.

"The Democratic party is not strong in most of the states," he said. "The party apparatus is really pretty weak."

But, four days after taking control of it with his acceptance of the Democratic nomination, Sen. McGovern said that he would try to convince the party hierarchy "that we bring an asset to them rather than a liability."

"Capacity to Win" "We bring it," he continued, "in the form of a candidate who has demonstrated a capacity to win victories—in 10 of the presidential primaries—and in the form of voters who know how to operate very effectively."

The interview also produced these points: • He confessed to being less certain of himself on economics than on other subjects and said he would accept the offer of "some of the more respected people on Wall Street," to provide him with advice on taxes and the economy. He mentioned specifically offers of consultation from Mortimer Kaplan, the former director of the Internal Revenue Service, and Stanley Surrey, a former assistant secretary of the Treasury.

• He felt compelled, "because of the apprehension we've raised," to try to spell out more carefully his controversial proposals for tax and welfare reform, but will hold off until he absolutely positively "that we can come up with the best way."

• He did not take seriously the Nixon administration's attacks on his Vietnam position or the charge by Republicans that he was hindering the search for peace, describing such criticism as a phrase that sounded like "but was more extensive than the word 'but'."

Southern Units In People's Party Back McGovern

MIAMI, July 18 (AP)—

People's party delegates from eight Southern states voted Sunday not to back Dr. Benjamin Spock as the party's presidential candidate and threw their support to the Democratic nominee Sen. George McGovern.

An official of the party claimed the decision to back Sen. McGovern, if followed by the party's national convention next week, could mean "millions of votes" for the South Dakota senator.

The third-party adherents could assure that Sen. McGovern's name will appear on both the Democratic and People's party lines in voting booths in the South, even if the July 26-30 St. Louis convention decides to stick with Dr. Spock, according to John Parker of Miami, a Southern regional representative of the party.

In a show of hands at the Miami gathering, about 150 delegates from Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Tennessee and North and South Carolina voted not to back Dr. Spock. About 50 delegates, including the noted pediatrician and war critic, opposed the motion.

The Southern delegates also voted down a resolution that would have required them to abide by whatever the St. Louis convention decides on the issue. The party chose Dr. Spock as its provisional candidate at a convention last November.

Adm. Zumwalt in Athens

ATHENS, July 18 (Reuters)—U.S. Chief of Naval Operations Adm. Elmo Zumwalt arrived here today for a three-day visit as a guest of the Greek Navy. He is making his last stop on a two-week tour of Europe.



ON VACATION—Democratic presidential nominee Sen. George McGovern talking with newsmen Monday in front of log cabin in Black Hills near Custer, S. Dakota.

Poll Shows a Landslide for Nixon If the Election Were Held Now

NEW YORK, July 18 (Reuters)—President Nixon would have a landslide victory if the presidential election were held now, according to a nationwide survey published by Newsweek magazine.

The survey, which appears in the magazine's current issue, gives President Nixon 226 solid electoral votes and an additional 64 leaning toward him for a total of 300—or 30 more than the 270 majority required for a victory.

Under the American system, the president is not elected by direct popular vote. Each state is allocated a number of what is called Electoral College votes. The candidate who wins the popular ballot—even if only by a single vote—gets all of that state's Electoral College votes.

At the same time, the survey found only seven certain electoral votes for the Democratic challenger, Sen. George McGovern, of South Dakota—four from his home state and three from the District of Columbia.

Twenty-nine votes—those of Wisconsin, Rhode Island and Massachusetts—were said to be leaning toward him, making his possible total at the moment 36.

About 265 other electoral votes, however, were listed as uncertain now, including those from such major states as California, Illinois, Pennsylvania and New York.

Sinatra Assails House Unit Over Mafia-Link Testimony

WASHINGTON, July 18 (AP)—

Frank Sinatra marched grimly into a U.S. House Select Crime Committee room today and accused the committee of indecently and irresponsibly letting a convicted felon "bandy my name about."

"It was character assassination, let's face it," Mr. Sinatra told a jammed hearing room.

He said the committee should have immediately refuted the testimony of Joseph (the Baron) Barboza on May 24 that the singer had been a front man for Cosa Nostra money in the Fontainebleau and Sands Hotels in Miami Beach and Las Vegas.

"This bum went running off at the mouth and I resent and I won't have it," Mr. Sinatra said. "I'm not a second-class citizen. Let's make that clear."

"How do you repair the damage that was printed in the newspapers," he demanded.

Committee counsel Joseph Phillips said Barboza unexpectedly made the charge about fronting for the mob in the two hotels when he was asked about a completely unrelated matter at the May 24 hearing.

Mr. Phillips said the answer could not have been anticipated or cut off. He noted that the Fontainebleau had filed an affidavit with the committee denying the story.

"And a that point someone, presumably the counsel, should have done something to refute that story," Mr. Sinatra said. He suggested the committee should have called the press in and announced the hotel's statement.

"I don't have to refute it because there isn't any truth to it," he said of the Fontainebleau story at another point.

As for his purchase of stock in the Sands Hotel in 1963, he said that was bought "with my own money."

The huge House caucus room was jammed with spectators and at least 200 people waited outside as Mr. Sinatra began testifying. Cameras and microphones were barred at Mr. Sinatra's demand.

The American Civil Liberties Union issued a statement at the time calling Barboza's testimony "but one example of a congressional committee publicly hearing adverse testimony, unproved, unchecked and unrefuted, which could cause irreparable damage to the reputation of the person discussed."

The committee has been investigating the infiltration of organized crime into sports. It sought Mr. Sinatra's testimony about his connection for about six to nine months in 1963 and 1964 with the now-defunct Berkshire Downs race track in Hancock, Mass. Committee investigators say the New England crime syndicate held a substantial interest in the track then.

The singer said he bought \$55,000 worth of Berkshire Downs stock in late August, 1963, purely as an investment, never knew who any of the track's other investors were and did not know he had been named a track vice-president and director until he read it in newspapers. He said he never participated in the operation of the track.

Rep. Sam Steiger, R., Ariz., said a federal wiretap on the phone of Cosa Nostra boss Raymond Patriarca showed he had been informed Aug. 24, 1962, that Mr. Sinatra was to be elected to the track's board. The witness showed no response to that statement but simply sat as though waiting for a question. But Mr. Steiger had no question on that point.

Patriarca, now serving a federal prison sentence for murder conspiracy, allegedly had \$215,000 invested in Berkshire Downs in 1963. He is scheduled to testify before the committee tomorrow.

Rolling Stones Spark Rioting in Montreal MONTREAL, July 18 (Reuters)—While 20,000 rock fans cheered the Rolling Stones at a concert last night, trouble raged outside the hall—resulting in 30 arrests, three injuries, two cars set ablaze, broken windows, bottle-throwing and the seizure of 500 bogus tickets.

Shortly after the last devotees of the English group entered the Montreal Forum, police cleared people without tickets into a nearby park.

Earlier the group had to replace equipment wrecked when a bomb exploded under a parked truck early yesterday.

Reagan Arrives in Dublin

LONDON, July 18 (UPI)—Gov. Ronald Reagan of California flew today to Dublin, last stop on his seven-nation European tour in the direction of President Nixon.

Gunfight in Area of Belfast Halts Effort to Restore Calm

BELFAST, July 18 (Reuters)—

Gunfire erupted tonight in Northern Ireland's latest trouble spot—the Lendinore housing estate in southwest Belfast, occupied by British troops since last Thursday.

On assurances that the Irish Republican Army Provisional Wing had agreed to stop using the area as a base, British troops had started moving out of houses they had taken over.

There were no reports of gunfire on the beleaguered estate since last night. But this evening, the army said gunmen opened up with about 100 rounds on army positions in the estate, wounding a soldier.

Minutes later, another soldier was shot dead in a separate incident when gunmen opened fire on an army position in a school in another part of the city. He was the 100th British soldier to die since troops arrived here three years ago.

The army said the IRA was behind the shooting in the Lendinore area.

Secret Meeting

In a secret meeting somewhere in England, Harold Wilson, leader of Britain's opposition Labor party, today held talks with top IRA representatives in an apparent effort to help achieve a new truce in Northern Ireland.

The meeting lasted five hours, informed sources said, and Mr. Wilson, a former British prime minister, asked the IRA leaders how the short-lived cease-fire could be resumed.

The militant Provisionals called off their troops—which had lasted 13 days—nine days ago and pledged then to resume the battle to break the province away from British rule "with the utmost ferocity."

Mr. Wilson was understood to have been joined at today's meeting by the Labor spokesman on Northern Ireland, Mervyn Rees, who had just returned from a visit to the Irish Republic.

The Labor party has supported the Conservative government's policy of seeking a political solution to the Northern Ireland conflict.

It was understood that Mr. Wilson would report to William Whitelaw, the British minister for Northern Ireland, on his talks.

The Lendinore incident shattered prospects of a quick return to normal life in the area, which has seen the evacuation of more than 3,000 Roman Catholics protesting against the army presence there.

The army today had begun to withdraw from some of its positions—although it was not clear whether the Lendinore-based force was being decreased—after a Catholic priest representing the residents said that the IRA had agreed to stop operations there.

An IRA spokesman later commented.

Chauffeur Gives Clues on Murder Of Mafia Figure

NEW YORK, July 18 (AP)—

Thomas (Tommy Ryan) Eboli's chauffeur was quoted by police yesterday as saying that gunmen in a stolen truck ambushed the Mafia figure while he was on a mysterious errand in a quiet Brooklyn neighborhood.

The driver, Joseph Sternfeld, 53, was quoted as saying that he took Eboli to Brooklyn about midnight Saturday and was instructed to pick him up again at 12:30 a.m. Sunday. The nature of the mission was not disclosed.

Sternfeld drove around the neighborhood for a while, then parked at the designated pickup point in time to see the 61-year-old Eboli walking toward the car.

A red and yellow truck came rolling down the street, Sternfeld was said to have told detectives, and from its cab a gunman fired five bullets into Eboli's neck and head.

Police said that Sternfeld told them that he did not see clearly the men in the truck. The truck was abandoned a short distance away. The driver was held in lieu of \$250,000 bond.

TWA in Move To Foil Hijacks On Boeing 727s

NEW YORK, July 18 (AP)—

In an effort to discourage skyjacks, Trans World Airlines said yesterday it had permanently sealed the rear exit doors in all 72 of its Boeing-727 jet passenger planes.

The step was taken in the face of recent incidents involving air pirates who demanded parachutes and ransom money and used the rear exit as an escape hatch.

"They're sealed for good and there is no way anyone can get out that way," a TWA spokesman said.

Prison Guards Strike After Inmates Riot

BALTIMORE, July 18 (UPI)—

One hundred and thirty guards, claiming that they feared for their safety, conducted a three-hour work stoppage at Maryland Penitentiary today to protest the tactics used by Gov. Marvin Mandel to end a riot by prisoners there.

They returned to work after a committee of guards met with Maryland's secretary of public safety, Robert Lally, who assured them that Gov. Mandel was not granting amnesty to inmates who participated in yesterday's uprising.

Four persons were injured and a building was severely damaged by fire in the disorder that occurred less than two days after rioting inmates did \$2-million damage to the House of Correction at Jessups, Md., police said.

traditioned the army version of this

evening's Lendinore shooting. The spokesman said that soldiers in an army post recognized an IRA man and opened fire on him.

Covering Fire "Our unit fired one shot to give the volunteer cover to escape," the spokesman said.

He added that British troops subsequently opened fire with a machine-gun but that the IRA suffered no casualties.

The Rev. Jack Fitzsimons, the Catholic priest representing Lendinore residents, said that negotiations with the army had come to nothing and that there seemed no prospect of the troops pulling out of the Lendinore area.

Father Fitzsimons said that if the army did not respond soon, the IRA would be in a position to launch new attacks.

This evening, police reported a factory watchman with serious bullet wounds was found in a factory in the Protestant Ballygomartin area. The man died after reaching a hospital.

A spokesman for Mr. Whitelaw said tonight further troop reductions would be made only "where we are convinced that the IRA will stand by its declared intention to stop the offensive against soldiers."

The army reported more than 100 shooting incidents in Northern Ireland last night and claimed to have hit at least eight gunmen.

In the largely Catholic Ardoyne district of Belfast, two soldiers were wounded by sniper fire, one seriously.

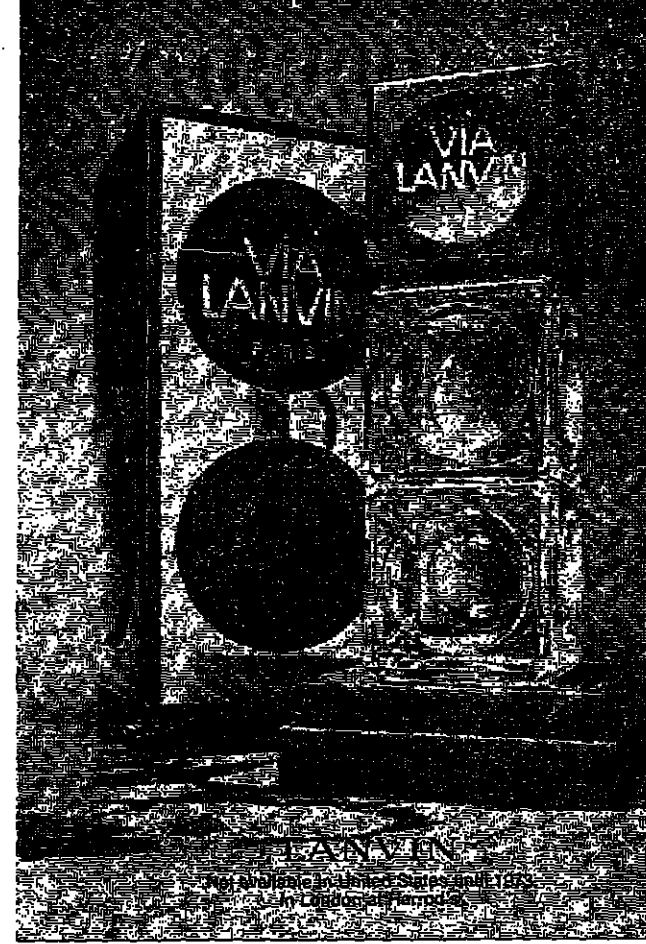
Sailor to Be Charged In U.S. Carrier Fire

NORFOLK, Va., July 18 (AP)—

The Atlantic Fleet Naval Air Force said yesterday a seaman apprentice will be charged with arson in connection with a fire that caused an undetermined amount of damage a week ago aboard the aircraft carrier Forrestal.

A spokesman said that Jeffrey G. Allison, 19, of Oakland, Calif., is being held "pending the filing against him of formal charges of arson." The arrest resulted from the Navy's continuing investigation of the blaze, the spokesman said.

Via Lanvin The new perfume by Lanvin



Generation gap?



Jim Beam never heard of it.

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New York Stock Exchange Trading

Stk.	High	Low	Last	Chg.	Stk.	High	Low	Last	Chg.	Stk.	High	Low	Last	Chg.
309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4
309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4
309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4
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309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4

Toronto Stocks

Stk.	High	Low	Last	Chg.	Stk.	High	Low	Last	Chg.	Stk.	High	Low	Last	Chg.
309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4
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309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISING

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309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4
309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4
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309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4	309 2000	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4

NEW YORK, July 18.—Cash prices in primary markets as reported today in New York.

Commodity and Unit Trade Year-Again

FOODS

Coffee, Arabica, No. 1, 30¢; No. 2, 28¢; No. 3, 26¢; No. 4, 24¢; No. 5, 22¢; No. 6, 20¢; No. 7, 18¢; No. 8, 16¢; No. 9, 14¢; No. 10, 12¢; No. 11, 10¢; No. 12, 8¢; No. 13, 6¢; No. 14, 4¢; No. 15, 2¢; No. 16, 1¢; No. 17, 1/2¢; No. 18, 1/4¢; No. 19, 1/8¢; No. 20, 1/16¢; No. 21, 1/32¢; No. 22, 1/64¢; No. 23, 1/128¢; No. 24, 1/256¢; No. 25, 1/512¢; No. 26, 1/1024¢; No. 27, 1/2048¢; No. 28, 1/4096¢; No. 29, 1/8192¢; No. 30, 1/16384¢; No. 31, 1/32768¢; No. 32, 1/65536¢; No. 33, 1/131072¢; No. 34, 1/262144¢; No. 35, 1/524288¢; No. 36, 1/1048576¢; No. 37, 1/2097152¢; No. 38, 1/4194304¢; No. 39, 1/8388608¢; No. 40, 1/16777216¢; No. 41, 1/33554432¢; No. 42, 1/67108864¢; No. 43, 1/134217728¢; No. 44, 1/268435456¢; No. 45, 1/536870912¢; No. 46, 1/1073741824¢; No. 47, 1/2147483648¢; No. 48, 1/4294967296¢; No. 49, 1/8589934592¢; No. 50, 1/17179869184¢; No. 51, 1/34359738368¢; No. 52, 1/68719476736¢; No. 53, 1/137438953472¢; No. 54, 1/274877906944¢; No. 55, 1/549755813888¢; No. 56, 1/1099511627776¢; No. 57, 1/2199023255552¢; No. 58, 1/4398046511104¢; No. 59, 1/8796093022208¢; No. 60, 1/17592186044416¢; No. 61, 1/35184372088832¢; No. 62, 1/70368744177664¢; No. 63, 1/140737488355328¢; No. 64, 1/281474976710656¢; No. 65, 1/562949953421312¢; No. 66, 1/1125899906842624¢; No. 67, 1/2251799813685248¢; No. 68, 1/4503599627370496¢; No. 69, 1/9007199254740992¢; No. 70, 1/18014398509481984¢; No. 71, 1/36028797018963968¢; No. 72, 1/72057594037927936¢; No. 73, 1/144115188075855872¢; No. 74, 1/288230376151711744¢; No. 75, 1/576460752303423488¢; No. 76, 1/1152921504606846976¢; No. 77, 1/2305843009213693952¢; No. 78, 1/4611686018427387904¢; No. 79, 1/9223372036854775808¢; No. 80, 1/18446744073709551616¢; No. 81, 1/36893488147419103232¢; No. 82, 1/73786976294838206464¢; No. 83, 1/147573952589676412928¢; No. 84, 1/295147905179352825856¢; No. 85, 1/590295810358705651712¢; No. 86, 1/1180591620717411303424¢; No. 87, 1/2361183241434822606848¢; No. 88, 1/4722366482869645213696¢; No. 89, 1/9444732965739290427392¢; No. 90, 1/18889465931478580854784¢; No. 91, 1/37778931862957161709568¢; No. 92, 1/75557863725914323419136¢; No. 93, 1/151115727451828646838272¢; No. 94, 1/302231454903657293676544¢; No. 95, 1/604462909807314587353088¢; No. 96, 1/1208925819614629174706176¢; No. 97, 1/2417851639229258349412352¢; No. 98, 1/4835703278458516698824704¢; No. 99, 1/9671406556917033397649408¢; No. 100, 1/19342813113834066795298816¢; No. 101, 1/38685626227668133590597632¢; No. 102, 1/77371252455336267181195264¢; No. 103, 1/154742504910672534362390512¢; No. 104, 1/309485009821345068724781024¢; No. 105, 1/618970019642690137449562048¢; No. 106, 1/1237940039285380274899124096¢; No. 107, 1/2475880078570760549798248192¢; No. 108, 1/4951760157141521099596496384¢; No. 109, 1/9903520314283042199192992768¢; No. 110, 1/19807040628566084398385945536¢; No. 111, 1/39614081257132168796771891072¢; No. 112, 1/79228162514264337593543782144¢; No. 113, 1/158456325028528675187087564288¢; No. 114, 1/316912650057057350374175128576¢; No. 115, 1/633825300114114700748350257153¢; No. 116, 1/1267650600228229401496700514306¢; No. 117, 1/253530120045645880299340102861¢; No. 118, 1/507060240091291760598680205722¢; No. 119, 1/1014120480182583521197360411444¢; No. 120, 1/2028240960365167042394720822888¢; No. 121, 1/4056481920730334084789441645776¢; No. 122, 1/8112963841460668169578883291552¢; No.

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Gibson's Questions 10th Straight

18 (UPI).—slow-starting St. Louis like to be for why he gets starts.

right-hander after he lost his 10th straight victory after decisions of ready with

anything different last five "You're not good enough," good games ending them.

1 last night

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by a 10-0 victory over the Astros in their 10th straight loss.

The victory ran Gibson's losing streak to 10-0. He had lost 13 straight before his 10th career victory over Houston and his 10th career victory.

Plaster & Starnes

Willie Stargell hit a three-run homer in the bottom of the first inning, then broke a tie with a sacrifice fly in the eighth giving Pittsburgh a 3-2 home victory over the Astros.

The National League Eastern Division Pirates tied the score with single runs in the sixth and seventh innings. Manny Ben-Gurion's single delivered the winning run and Stargell's sacrifice fly in the seventh tied it.

In the eighth, Gene Cling opened with a double and moved to third on Al Oliver's single. Then Stargell, who batted his 10th homer of the year with two on in the first inning, delivered Cling with a fly ball.

Tigers & White Sox

In the American League, Mickey Lolich won his 16th game, high in the major leagues this season, as the Tigers handed the Chicago White Sox his 11th straight loss with a 3-1 victory in Detroit.

Lolich, who has lost six straight out of 11 and allowed seven hits as the Tigers won their eighth game in the last nine, Jim Northrup gave Detroit a 1-0 lead in the first inning when he hit a Tom Bradley pitch off the third-base tag in right field for his fifth homer.

Orlando 2, Rangers 1

Right-handed Pat Dobson and Rorie Harrison scattered six hits as the Rangers defeated the Orioles 2-1 in Texas for the fifth straight victory. Dobson, 11-8, struck out five and walked four as the Orioles ended a four-game losing streak against the Rangers.

Harrison entered the game after Dobson walked. Don Mincher to lead off the eighth, and pitched two hitless innings to gain his third save.

Red Sox 4, Rangers 1

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LEO THE PEACEMAKER—Chicago Cubs manager Leo Durocher steps between his pitcher, Milt Pappas, and plate umpire John Pryor in ball-strike argument.

Allen Receives Top Vote in AL

NEW YORK, July 18 (UPI).—Dick Allen, National League cast-off who has found a home with the Chicago White Sox, polled more than a million votes to become the American League's top vote-getter in balloting by fans for the All-Star game July 25 in Atlanta.

Allen, a talented slugger who had become a problem child when he played with the Philadelphia Phillies, St. Louis Cardinals and Los Angeles Dodgers of the National League in recent years received 1,092,758 votes to easily win the starting first-base assignment for the 43d annual classic.

Allen currently leads the American League in home runs (19) and runs batted in (61). This will be his fifth All-Star appearance. He represented the National League four times.

Brooks Robinson, the Baltimore Orioles third baseman, was the only other American League player to receive more than a million votes.

Although Robinson is having an off-year, with a .254 batting average, he still polled 1,041,128 votes and will be making his eighth All-Star appearance.

Completing the American League infield are second baseman Rod Carew of the Minnesota Twins and shortstop Luis Aparicio of the Boston Red Sox.

Carew received 832,055 votes to easily beat out Cookie Rojas of the Kansas City Royals while Aparicio, who may not be able to play because of an injury, received 625,074 votes, well ahead of Bert Campaneris of the Oakland Athletics.

Bill Freehan of the Detroit Tigers won the starting catcher's job, drawing 787,536 votes to beat Ray Posse of the Cleveland Indians.

In the outfield along with Reggie Jackson, who received 902,431 votes, and Bobby Murcer of the New York Yankees, who received 506,241.

Carlos May of the White Sox and Lou Piniella and Amos Otis of the Royals were the fourth, fifth and sixth outfielders.

All-Star manager Earl Weaver of the Baltimore Orioles will name the pitchers and second stringers later this week.

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NEW YORK, July 18 (UPI).—Johnny Bench and Hank Aaron topped a quartet of repeaters from the 1971 squad for the National League All-Star team announced yesterday by commissioner Bowie Kuhn.

Bench, coming off a poor 1971 campaign, was the top vote-getter in the poll of fans in the United States and Canada. The Cincinnati catcher received 1,259,871 votes in a record response by fans who cast 3,171,558 ballots for the contest against the American League All-Stars set for next Tuesday in Atlanta.

Aaron was named on 1,115,594 ballots. Joe Torre of St. Louis picked up 1,189,612 votes to easily grab the third base slot again. It will be Torre's fifth start as an all-star, although his first three selections were as a catcher.

Aaron will be joined in the outfield by Roberto Clemente and Willie Stargell, both of the Pittsburgh Pirates. Clemente had 1,081,423 ballots while Stargell, the fourth repeater from last year's team, was picked on 717,597.

The starting outfield of Aaron, Clemente and Stargell had hit 45 home runs and driven in 144 runs through games of July 16.

Cincinnati and Pittsburgh were the only clubs placing more than one starter on the National League stars.

For Bench, it was his fourth straight selection, as it was for shortstop Don Kessinger of the Chicago Cubs. Kessinger was in the closest race, edging the New York Mets' Bud Harrelson by 3,000 votes, 665,921 to 662,921.

Cincinnati placed Joe Morgan as second, Morgan edged Glenn Beckert of the Cubs, 654,035 to 640,742.

First baseman Lee May of the Houston Astros outdistanced Tony Perez of the Reds, 688,581 to 443,546.

Trailing the top three for outfield berths were, in order, Billy Williams of the Chicago Cubs, Willie Mays of the Mets, Frank Robinson of Los Angeles, Cesar Cedeno of Houston, Lou Brock of St. Louis, Al Oliver of Pittsburgh and Bobby Tolan of Cincinnati.

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Ali Fights Cold, Lewis in Dublin

By Dave Anderson
DUBLIN, Ireland, July 19 (UPI).—After his light workout today, Muhammad Ali, in a short white satin robe, was lying on the rubbing table in his tiny dressing room at Croke Park when somebody knocked on the wooden door.

"The tea is here," a voice called.

"It sounds like Frankenstein's butler. The tea is here," Ali said, imitating the voice as a small man entered. "Bring the tea over here, old chap. I'll fix it. I need this tea for my nose sniff."

Coughing, he poured milk into his hand.

Ali has had a head cold for about five days. He received an injection of penicillin yesterday, shortened his workout today because "it took too much out of me" but will oppose Al (Blue) Lewis, a Detroit heavyweight, in a 12-round bout here tomorrow against the wishes of Herbert Muhammad, his manager.

"Robert wanted me to cancel the fight for another week, he's worried about the cold," Ali said. "But I don't have a fever. I'd go crazy here for another week. No colored folks here. Makes me want to get home. But the cold's in my nose. It ain't in my chest, where it would affect me."

Ali on Parade

Ali's magnificence is expected to attract 30,000 spectators to Croke Park, primarily a soccer stadium, despite a scale of \$37, \$25, \$12 and \$5 in this city where

small boys beg openly for two pence.

In his week here, Ali has been surrounded by crowds whenever he leaves his lodgings at the quiet Opperman Country Club in the suburbs. As if hypnotized, the people stare quietly during his workouts. When he rides in a black Austin limousine, they peer through the windows for a quick peek at the former heavyweight champion.

"I ain't seen many black people here, about four," Ali said. "It's like Japan was. I'm an entertainer in these foreign cities."

Adding to the scene is a promoter, Butty Sugrue, an English pub owner who has been known to pull a bus with a rope in his teeth, and a boxing commissioner Terry Rogers, the chairman of

the Irish Boxing Council, who is a licensed bookmaker.

But thankfully, the bout is not being advertised to determine Ireland's heavyweight title.

"We haven't had a heavyweight champion in about 30 years," explained a man in Sugrue's ticket office. "We have one in every pub."

Some of the pub brawlers might be able to handle Lewis, too. The 29-year-old boxer has no victories over well-known opponents despite 17 knockouts in a 26-4 won-lost record. But his adviser, Don Elbaum, describes him as "the most feared heavyweight since Sonny Liston" because George Foreman, Jerry Quarry and Floyd Patterson allegedly rejected substantial offers to fight him.

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